





### **NM Public School Preschool**

## **Reframing Teacher Talk**

Each moment that an adult and child interact with one another is an opportunity to build positive relationships (Ostrosky & Jung, 2017). It is important for adults to use a variety of strategies to build these positive relationships with children since these interactions influence children's social and emotional development.

(El 6.1 Conversational Abilities)

Say this:	Instead of this:	Because:
"I see you used paint, blue crayons, red crayons, and yellow crayons on your picture. Tell me about it."	"Pretty picture, I like it!"	For young children, art is often about the process not the final product. We should acknowledge the process they used to create the work, not give our approval of the final product. Also, telling children their artwork is "pretty" or "beautiful" teaches them to create things for teacher approval not for self-satisfaction. It is also worth mentioning that children sometimes create pictures of monsters, bad guys, and other things they intend to be "mean", "scary", or "ugly". Telling them these pictures are pretty is not meaningful to them.
Say this:	Instead of this:	Because:
"Remember, we walk in the classroom to keep our bodies safe."	"No running!"	Directions to guide behavior must be clear and concise. Ways to "not run" in the classroom are many, such as crawling, jumping, or skipping. However, there is only one way to walk. When children receive clear directions with no room for interpretation, they are more likely to respond with the desired behavior.

#### References:

Ostrosky, M. M., & Jung, E. Y. (2017). Building Positive Teacher-Child Relationships. *Center on the Social and Emotional Foundations for Early Learning*, 1-4. PED. (2020). New Mexico Early Learning Guidelines.







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Say this:	Instead of this:	Because:	
"Katrina, do you see Angela waiting for a turn with the truck? She is waiting very patiently and hopes you are almost done."  OR  "Angela, Katrina is playing with the truck right now. Tell him you would like a turn when he is finished. I'll help you find something else to do until then."	"Share with your friend."	When a child wants a toy that another child has, it is an opportunity for the teachers to assist the children in developing good social skills. Teachers should help children recognize the feelings of the other child and validate both children's desire for the toy. By assisting children in using their language skills to make their desires and frustrations known, teachers aid children in learning how to solve conflicts on their own.	
Say this:	Instead of this:	Because:	
"This is kiwi fruit; it's sweet like a strawberry."	"Eat that for me."	Teaching children to eat for adult approval can lead children to develop unhealthy behaviors, attitudes, and beliefs about food. Instead, encourage children to explore	
	OR	new foods by pointing out the sensory qualities of the food.	
	"I really wish you'd try a bite."		

#### References:

Ostrosky, M. M., & Jung, E. Y. (2017). Building Positive Teacher-Child Relationships. *Center on the Social and Emotional Foundations for Early Learning*, 1-4.

PED. (2020). New Mexico Early Learning Guidelines.